**Summary of Day 2 of Talk to the Senate (2017-2022 Priorities)**

**Possible Legislative and Oversight Interventions by the Senate**

1. **Legislative Interventions Needed**
   1. Data Protection Bill.

* As we digitalise more, collect more data at both national and subnational level, we should assure that it is processed in a manner that protects the privacy of individuals. This can only be done if we have general standards across the whole country.
  1. Computer and Cybercrimes Bill.
  2. Kenya Roads Bill (to make provision for ICT infrastructure)
  3. Critical Infrastructure Bill
  4. Public Participation Bill
  5. The ICT Policy
* Counties should be given a clear role in the policy.
  1. A law devolving the Universal Access Fund
  2. A law prescribing the minimum requirements in ICT procurements in the counties, the acceptable standards for valuation and data protection and adherence to ICT Standards e.g. ISO 27000.

1. **Amendments**
   1. Ensuring that county audit committees have in their membership, ICT professionals.
   2. Revision of taxes to make handsets more affordable
2. **Bills that are injurious to the industry**
   1. The Information Communication Technology (ICT) Practitioners Bill
      * There are already existing qualifications that can serve the purpose of this Bill as well as simple competition in both employment positions and service provision (as contractors/providers of ICT services to customers) which can be expressed not only through existing qualifications but also through experience, references etc. as per other marketplaces.
3. **Areas that require Oversight Intervention**
   1. **The Universal Access Fund**

* How the Fund is being utilised and what it has achieved so far.
* How the Fund is aiding connectivity.
* What is the scope of this Fund?
  1. **E-Citizen**
* Where does the convenience fee collected on e-citizen go? How are these fund utilised?
* How come the service is always down?
  1. **Connectivity in rural areas and in public institutions**
* Schools that now have electricity should have fibre run over the electric cables.
  1. **Use of the NOFBI**
* How are the hospitals connected to NOFBI using the fibre they have?
  1. **ICT connectivity as a basis for calculating the Division of Revenue Formula**
* Areas with low connectivity ought to get a greater allocation to cater for the deficiency.